## Assignment 10

Coverage: 16.5 (skip "Implicit Surfaces") and 16.6.

Exercises: 16.5 no 4, 8, 10, 13, 20, 24, 31, 33, 38, 42, 45; 16.6 no 4, 8, 10, 13.

Hand in 16.5 no 8,33; 16.6 no 8, 13 by Nov 22

## Supplementary Problems

1. Consider the parametric surface

$$\mathbf{r}(u,v) = (u+6v, -2u-12v+5, -1), \quad (u,v) \in [0,1] \times [0,1]$$
.

Is it a smooth surface? Describe its image. Recall that by definition a parametric surface is smooth if  $\mathbf{r}$  is continuously differentiable and  $\mathbf{r}_u \times \mathbf{r}_v$  is linearly independent in the interior of the region of definition.

2. Let S be the surface of revolution obtained by rotating  $\mathbf{r}(t) = (f(z), z), f(z) > 0, z \in [a, b]$  around the z-axis. Show that its surface area is given by

$$2\pi \int_a^b f(z)\sqrt{1+f'^2(z)}\,dz$$
.

Derive this formula using Riemann sum approach. Hint: Consider the cross sections along the z-axis.